## **CLAIMS**

We claim:

1. Photopolymerizable colorant compounds having Formulas I and II:

$$A - \left(-CO_2 - X\right)_n \qquad A - \left(-S - \frac{N - N}{N}\right)_n$$

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wherein

A, is a mono-, di-, tri- or tetravalent chromophore;

X is -R<sub>1</sub>-O-Q or the phtopolymerizable group –CH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-p-C(R<sub>2</sub>)=CH<sub>2</sub>;

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Y is  $-R_1-O-Q$ ,  $-CH_2-C_6H_4-p-C(R_2)=CH_2$  or Q;

R is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, aryl and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl;

 $R_1$  is selected from  $C_2\text{-}C_8$  alkylene, -(- $CH_2CH_2O$ -)<sub>m</sub>- $CH_2CH_2$ - and

1,4-cyclohexylenedimethylene;

R<sub>2</sub> is selected from hydrogen and C<sub>1</sub>- C<sub>6</sub> alkyl;

15 n is 1 to 4;

m is 1 - 3;

Q is a photopolymerizable group selected from an organic radical having the formula:

Ia  $-COC(R_3)=CH-R_4$ 

IIa -CONHCOC(R<sub>3</sub>)=CH-R<sub>4</sub>

IIIa -CONH-C<sub>1</sub> - C<sub>6</sub>-alkylene OCOC(R<sub>3</sub>) =CH-R<sub>4</sub>

$$\begin{matrix} \text{IVa} \\ \begin{matrix} R_5 \\ \text{-COC-NHCOC(R}_3)=\text{CH-R}_4 \end{matrix}$$

VIa 
$$-CO \leftarrow C(R_3) = CH_2$$

VIIa
$$-CONH-C - C(R_3)=CH_2$$

$$R_6$$

IXa 
$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathrm{CH_2} & \mathrm{CH_2} \\ \mathrm{II} & \mathrm{II} \\ \mathrm{-COCH_2CCO_2R_7} \text{ and/or -COCCH_2CO_2R_7} \end{array}$$

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 $R_3$  is selected from hydrogen or  $C_1$  -  $C_6$  alkyl;

 $R_4$  is selected from hydrogen;  $C_1$  -  $C_6$  alkyl; phenyl; phenyl substituted with one or more groups selected from  $C_1$  -  $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_1$  -  $C_6$  alkoxy, -N( $C_1$  -  $C_6$  alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, nitro, cyano,  $C_2$  -  $C_6$  alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_1$  -  $C_6$  alkanoyloxy and halogen; 1- and 2-naphthyl; 1- and 2-naphthyl substituted with  $C_1$  -  $C_6$  alkyl or  $C_1$  -  $C_6$  alkoxy; 2- and 3-thienyl; 2- and 3-thienyl substituted with  $C_1$  -  $C_6$  alkyl or halogen; 2- and 3-furyl; and 2- and 3-furyl substituted with  $C_1$  -  $C_6$  alkyl;

 $R_5$  and  $R_6$  are independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_1$  -  $C_6$  alkyl, substituted  $C_1$  -  $C_6$  alkyl; aryl; or  $R_5$  and  $R_6$  may be combined to represent a -(-CH<sub>2</sub>-)<sub>3-5</sub>- radical;

 $R_7$  is selected from hydrogen or a group selected from  $C_1$  -  $C_6$  alkyl, substituted  $C_1$  -  $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_3$  -  $C_8$  alkenyl,  $C_3$  -  $C_8$  cycloalkyl and aryl; and  $R_8$  is selected from hydrogen,  $C_1$  -  $C_6$  alkyl and aryl.

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- Photopolymerizable colorant compounds according to Claim 1 wherein A represents a a mono-, di-, tri- or tetravalent residue of a
   chromophore selected from anthraquinone, anthrapyridone, anthrapyridine, anthrapyrimidine, anthrapyrimidone, isothiazoloanthrone, azo, bis-azo, methine, bis-methine, coumarin, 3-aryl-2,5-dioxypyrroline, 3-aryl-5-dicyanomethylene-2-oxypyrroline, perinone, quinophthalone, phthalocyanine, metal phthalocyanine, nitroarylamine and a
   2,5-diarylaminoterephthalic ester residue.
  - 3. Photopolymerizable colorant compounds according to Claim 2 wherein X and Y, respectively, are selected from -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OQ, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)OQ, -(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>1-2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OQ, -CH<sub>2</sub>C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OQ, and -CH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>10</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>OQ and A is an anthraquinone, anthrapyridone or anthrapyridine residue or a 2,5-diarylaminoterephthalate chromophore residue.
- 4. Photopolymerizable colorant compounds according to Claim 2
   25 wherein Q is -COCH=CH<sub>2</sub> or -COC(CH<sub>3</sub>)=CH<sub>2</sub>.
  - 5. Photopolymerizable colorant compounds according to Claim 2 wherein X is selected from  $-CH_2-C_6H_4-4-C(R_2)=CH_2$  wherein  $R_2$  is hydrogen of methyl; and  $-R_1-O-Q$  wherein  $R_1$  is selected from  $-(CH_2)_{2-4}$ ,  $-CH_2CH(CH_3)_-$ ,  $-CH_2C(CH_3)_2CH_2-$ ,  $-(CH_2CH_2O_-)_{1-2}CH_2CH_2-$ ,

- -CH<sub>2</sub>CH(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>-, and CH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>10</sub>-4-CH<sub>2</sub>-; and Q is selected from
- -COC(R<sub>3</sub>)=CH<sub>2</sub> wherein R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen of methyl; or
- $-CONHC(CH_3)_2-C_6H_4-4-C(CH_3)=CH_2.$

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6. Process for the preparation of the photopolymerizable colorants defined in Claim 1 having Formula I wherein X is a p-vinylbenzyl radical having the formula –CH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-p-C(R<sub>2</sub>)=CH<sub>2</sub> which comprises reacting colored acidic compounds having the structure:

- with a compound having the structure CICH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-p-C(R<sub>2</sub>)=CH<sub>2</sub> in the presence of base.
  - 7. Process for the preparation of the photopolymerization colorants defined in Claim 1 having Formula II wherein Y is a p-vinylbenzyl radical having the formula –CH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-p-C(R<sub>2</sub>)=CH<sub>2</sub> which comprises reacting colored acidic compounds having the structure

$$A \leftarrow S \xrightarrow{N \longrightarrow N} R$$

with 4-chloromethylstyrene compounds having the structure CICH<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-p-C(R<sub>2</sub>)=CH<sub>2</sub> in the presence of a base.

- 8. Process for the preparation of the colored photopolymerizable compounds defined in Claim 1 having Formula I and Formula II wherein X and Y are -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-O-Q or -CH<sub>2</sub>CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-O-Q, which comprises the steps of:
- (a) reacting colored acidic compounds having the structures:

$$A - (-CO_2-H)_n$$
 and  $A - (-S-N-R)_n$ 

with at least about n molecular equivalents of ethylene or propylene carbonate for each molecular equivalent of acidic compounds to produce the 2-hydroxyalkyl derivatives of said acidic compounds;

(b) reacting said colored 2-hydroxyalkyl derivatives with about n molecular equivalents of one or more acylating agents having the structures:

Ib 
$$CICOC(R_3) = CH-R_4$$
 or  $O[COC(R_3) = CH-R_4]_2$ ,

lib 
$$O=C=N-COC(R_3)=CH-R_4$$

IIIb 
$$O=C=N-C_1-C_6$$
 alkylene  $OCOC(R_3)=CH-R_4$ ,

$$lvb \qquad \begin{array}{c} R_{5} \longrightarrow C(R_{3}) = CH-R_{4} \\ R_{6} \longrightarrow O \end{array} ,$$

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VIIb 
$$O = C = N - C - C(R_3) = CH_2$$

9. Process for the preparation of the colored photopolymerizable compounds defined in Claim 1 having Formula II wherein Y is a photopolymerizable group Q which comprises reacting a colored acidic compound having the structure:

$$A \leftarrow S \xrightarrow{N \longrightarrow N} R$$

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with at least about n molecular equivalents of an acylating agent selected from acylating agents lb through IXb of Claim 7.

- 10. Process for the preparation of the colored photopolymerizable compounds defined in Claim 1 having Formula II wherein Y is a photopolymerizable group Q which comprises the steps of:
  - (a) reacting a colored acidic triazolylthio compound having the structure:

$$A \leftarrow S \xrightarrow{N \longrightarrow N} R$$

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with at least about n molecular equivalents of ethylene or propylene carbonate to produce a hydroxyalkyl compound having the formula

$$A \leftarrow S \xrightarrow{N \longrightarrow N} R \xrightarrow{CH_2CH(R')OH}$$

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wherein R' is hydrogen or methyl, and

- (b) reacting the hydroxyalkyl compund produced in step (a) with an acylating agent selected from acylating agents Ib through IXb of Claim 8.
- 5 11. A photopolymerizable azo colorant compound defined in Claim 5 having the formula

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D is a diazo component selected from aryl and heteroaryl groups wherein the aryl and heteroaryl groups are unsubstituted or substituted with C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio, halogen, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxycarbonyl, formyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkanoyl, dicyanovinyl, trifluoromethyl, cyano, carbamoyl, -CONH-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, sulfamoyl, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, phenylazo, phenylsulfonyl, fluorosulfonyl, benzoyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylsulfonyl, nitro, -CO2X and

$$-L$$
 $CO_2X$ 

wherein L is a linking group selected from -O-, -S- and -SO<sub>2</sub>-;

 $R_{15}$  is selected from hydrogen or 1 or 2 groups selected from  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl;  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy; halogen; -NHCOR<sub>22</sub>, -NHCO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>22</sub>, and -NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>23</sub> wherein  $R_{22}$  is selected from hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, and aryl and  $R_{23}$  is selected from  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, and aryl; wherein the  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl groups represented by  $R_{22}$  and  $R_{23}$  may be substituted with  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy, aryl, cyano, halogen,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkanoyloxy, -CO<sub>2</sub>X or

$$-L_1$$
  $CO_2X$ 

wherein  $L_1$  is selected from a covalent bond, -O-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH- and -CONH-;

 $R_{16}$  and  $R_{17}$  are independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, cyclohexyl, aryl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl substituted with 1 or 2 groups selected from aryl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy, cyano, -OCO- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, halogen, succinimido, phthalimido, - $CO_2X$ ,

$$CO_2X$$
 and  $CO_2X$ 

12. A photopolymerizable methine colorant compound defined in Claim 5 having the formula

$$R_{16}$$
 $N$ 
 $CH$ 
 $C$ 
 $CN$ 
 $R_{41}$ 

wherein

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 $R_{15}$  is selected from hydrogen or 1 or 2 groups selected from  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl;  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy; halogen; -NHCOR<sub>22</sub>, -NHCO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>22</sub>, and -NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>23</sub>

wherein  $R_{22}$  is selected from hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, and aryl and  $R_{23}$  is selected from  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl and aryl; wherein the  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl groups represented by  $R_{22}$  and  $R_{23}$  may be substituted with  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy, aryl, cyano, halogen,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkanoyloxy, - $CO_2X$  or

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$$-L_1$$
  $CO_2X$ 

wherein  $L_1$  is selected from a covalent bond, -O-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH- and - CONH-;

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 $R_{16}$  and  $R_{17}$  are independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, cyclohexyl, aryl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl substituted with 1 or 2 groups selected from aryl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy, cyano, -OCO- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, halogen, succinimido, phthalimido, -CO2X,

$$CO_2X$$
 and  $-L_1$ 

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 $R_{41}$  is selected from cyano, -CO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, -SO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, -SO<sub>2</sub>-aryl, and -CO<sub>2</sub>X.

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13. A photopolymerizable 3-aryl-2,5-dioxypyrroline colorant compound defined in Claim 5 having the formula

 $R_{15}$  is selected from hydrogen or 1 or 2 groups selected from  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl;  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy; halogen; -NHCOR<sub>22</sub>, -NHCO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>22</sub>, and -NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>23</sub> wherein  $R_{22}$  is selected from hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, and aryl and  $R_{23}$  is selected from  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl and aryl; wherein the  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl groups represented by  $R_{22}$  and  $R_{23}$  may be substituted with  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy, aryl, cyano, halogen,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkanoyloxy, -CO<sub>2</sub>X or

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$$-L_1$$
  $CO_2X$ 

wherein L<sub>1</sub> is selected from a covalent bond, -O-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH- and - CONH-;

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 $R_{16}$ ,  $R_{16}$ ' and  $R_{17}$  are independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, cyclohexyl, aryl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl substituted with 1 or 2 groups selected from aryl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy, cyano, -OCO- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, halogen, succinimido, phthalimido, -CO2X,

$$CO_2X$$
 and  $CO_2X$ 

14. A photopolymerizable anthrapyridone colorant compound defined in Claim 5 having the formula

$$R_{28} = \begin{pmatrix} & & & & \\$$

wherein

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 $R_{28}$  is selected from hydrogen, 4-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, 4-arylthio, 4-aryloxy, 4-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio, 4-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylsulfonyl, 4-arylsulfonyl, and 4-halogen;

 $R_{30}$  is selected from hydrogen,  $C_1\text{-}C_8$  alkyl, substituted  $C_1\text{-}C_8$  alkyl, and aryl;

 $R_{31}$  is selected from hydrogen, cyano,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylthio, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aryl, arylthio, heteroaryl, heteroarylthio,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkoxycarbonyl, and aroyl; and

L<sub>4</sub> is selected from 6-NH- and 6-S-.

15. A photopolymerizable anthrapyridone colorant compound defined in Claim 5 having the formula

$$R_{28}$$
 $R_{28}$ 
 $R_{31}$ 
 $R_{30}$ 
 $R$ 

R<sub>28</sub> is selected from hydrogen, 4-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, 4-arylthio,

4-heteroarylthio, 4-aryloxy, 4-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio, 4-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylsulfonyl, 4-arylsulfonyl, and 4-halogen;

 $R_{30}$  is selected from hydrogen,  $C_1\text{-}C_8$  alkyl, substituted  $C_1\text{-}C_8$  alkyl, and aryl;

R<sub>31</sub> is selected from hydrogen, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio, 10 halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aryl, arylthio, heteroaryl, heteroarylthio, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxycarbonyl, and aroyl; and L<sub>4</sub> is selected from 6-NH- and 6-S-.

16. A photopolymerizable anthrapyridine colorant compound defined in15 Claim 5 having the formula

$$R_{31}$$

$$R_{28}$$

$$R_{28}$$

$$R_{28}$$

$$R_{20}$$

$$R_{31}$$

$$R_{32}$$

$$R_{32}$$

$$R_{32}$$

$$R_{32}$$

$$R_{33}$$

$$R_{34}$$

$$R_{35}$$

$$R_{35}$$

$$R_{35}$$

$$R_{35}$$

$$R_{35}$$

$$R_{36}$$

$$R_{37}$$

$$R_{38}$$

$$R_{39}$$

$$R$$

## wherein

R<sub>28</sub> is selected from hydrogen, 4-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, 4-arylthio, 4-aryloxy, 4-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio, 4-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylsulfonyl, 4-arylsulfonyl, and 4-halogen; R<sub>31</sub> is cyano;

 $R_{32}$  is  $-N(R_{33})R_{34}$  wherein  $R_{33}$ and  $R_{34}$  are independently selected from  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl substituted with  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkanoyloxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy, and aryl or  $-N(R_{33})R_{34}$  collectively may be morpholino, piperidino, or pyrrolidino; and

L<sub>4</sub> is selected from 6-NH- and 6-S-.

17. A photopolymerizable anthrapyridine colorant compound defined in Claim 5 having the formula

$$R_{28}$$
 $R_{31}$ 
 $R_{32}$ 
 $R_{32}$ 
 $R_{31}$ 
 $R_{32}$ 
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 $R_{33}$ 
 $R_{34}$ 
 $R_{32}$ 
 $R_{32}$ 
 $R_{33}$ 
 $R$ 

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wherein

R<sub>28</sub> is selected from hydrogen, 4-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, 4-arylthio, 4-aryloxy, 4-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio, 4-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylsulfonyl, 4-arylsulfonyl, and 4-halogen;

15 R<sub>31</sub> is cyano;

 $R_{32}$  is  $-N(R_{33})R_{34}$  wherein  $R_{33}$ and  $R_{34}$  are independently selected from  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl substituted with  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkanoyloxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy, and aryl or  $-N(R_{33})R_{34}$  collectively may be morpholino, piperidino, or pyrrolidino; and

L<sub>4</sub> is selected from 6-NH- and 6-S-.

18. A photopolymerizable quinophthalone colorant compound defined in Claim 5 having the formula

wherein  $R_{35}$  is selected from hydrogen, bromo, arylthio, heteroarylthio, and arylsulfonyl.

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19. A photopolymerizable nitroarylamine colorant compound defined in Claim 5 having the formula

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} R_{36} \\ XO_2C \end{array}\right)_{1-2}^{4} \stackrel{R_{36}}{\longrightarrow} NH \longrightarrow SO_2N \stackrel{R_{37}}{\longrightarrow} R_{38}$$

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wherein

 $\mbox{R}_{36}$  is selected from hydrogen,  $\mbox{C}_1\mbox{-}\mbox{C}_6$  alkyl,  $\mbox{C}_1\mbox{-}\mbox{C}_6$  alkoxy, and halogen; and

 $R_{37}$  and  $R_{38}$  are independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, substituted  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, and aryl.

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20. A photopolymerizable 2,5-diarylaminoterephthalate colorant compound defined in Claim 5 having the formula

$$XO_2C$$
 $NH$ 
 $CO_2X$ 
 $CO_2X$ 
 $R_{40}$ 

wherein  $R_{40}$  is selected from hydrogen,  $C_1\text{--}C_6$  alkyl,  $C_1\text{--}C_6$  alkoxy, and halogen.

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